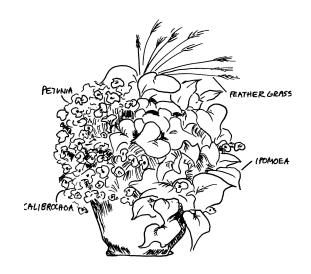
Growing Tips 24

COLORFUL CONTAINER GARDENS



Container gardens offer endless possibilities for **small spaces or as focal points** in larger landscapes. Containers range from traditional pots to buckets with holes, or cast-off boots!

How much water a container needs will depend on its size and material - is it porous or glazed pottery, metal, wood or plastic? Be osure you have a handy water source.

Here are a few easy recipes for annual flower and foliage combinations that use plants listed in *Growing* Tips 22 + 23, as well as other plants especially useful for containers.

Recipes for Success

For Sun – at least 6 hours of sun:

These may need twice **daily watering**, depending on weather conditions.

Medium container- 15" – 24" diameter
Use slightly different shades of the same flower color with the dark vine:

Petunias -2 plants, same color: yellow, or lime, or violet

Trailing Petunias (*Calibrochoa*) - **2** plants, same color: yellow, or lime, or violet

Sweet Potato Vine - 1 plant, purple or "black"

Large containeer – larger than 24" diameter

Marigold (French Marigolds) - **4** plants, 2 each of different color patterns.

Salvia – 2 plants, blue, indigo or violet

Ornamental Pepper - 1 plant

Feather Grass (Stipa) - 1 plant

Window Box - 24" long

Geranium - 3 plants - bold pink

Verbena – 2 plants, dark blue, indigo or violet Dusty Miller - 2 plants, silver

For Shade - less than 6 hours of sun:

Check water needs daily.

Medium container - 15" - 24" diameter

Wax Begonia – 3 plants, pink
Bloodleaf (*Iresine*) – 2 plants, dark purple
Lobelia – 4 plants, light blue

Large container- larger than 24" diameter
New Guinea Impatiens – 2 plants, coral or salmon
Wishbone Flower (Torenia) – 3 plants, yellow
Coleus – 2 plants, multi - copper, yellow, green

Sedge - 1 plant, golden-brown

Window Box - 24" long

Rieger Begonia – 2 plants, pink Rex Begonia – 2 plants, multi - dark with deep pink

Browalia - 3 plants, white

Seven Simple Steps:

- **1. Choose a soilless mix** designed for container growing for best results. Avoid using garden soil.
- **2. Ensure good drainage**. Shield holes in the bottom of the container with pebbles or pottery shards to prevent blockage.
- 3. Moisten the mix lightly before planting.
- **4. Fill the container not tightly! –** to within several inches of the top rim.
- 5. **Plant transplants 3" 8" inches apart.**Adjust for container size and mature plant size.
- **6. Fertilize** with a water-soluble or a slow release product according to directions.
- 7. Water with care. Check daily!→ See Growing Tips 6 Watering New Plantings

Color, Height, Texture

- Color ideas: Choose complementary colors such as yellows and blues, or monochromatic selections such as shades of pinks or earth tones.
- **Height:** Combine **trailing** and spilling plants with bushy or **filler** plants. In larger containers, add tall **vertical** grasses or **climbers** on supports.
- Texture: Mix it up with ruffled plants, big leaved, narrow leaved, and stiff, spiky plants.
 Combine tiny and large flowers with foliage plants.

Tips

- Elevate pots on supports or wheeled platforms to allow for drainage and prevent mold and staining of surfaces.
- Empty pottery containers before hard frost to prevent cracking.



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